- (A) the area in and around the city of Corinth: and
- (B) the State of Tennessee;
- (2) identify alternatives for preserving features from the Civil War era in the area in and around the city of Corinth, including both military and civilian themes involving—
- (A) the role of the railroad in the Civil War;
- (B) the story of the Corinth contraband camp; and
- (C) the development of field fortifications as a tactic of war:
- (3) identify potential partners that might support efforts by the Secretary to carry out this Act, including—
- (A) State entities and their political subdivisions;
  - (B) historical societies and commissions;
  - (C) civic groups; and
  - (D) nonprofit organizations;
- (4) identify alternatives to avoid land use conflicts; and
- (5) include cost estimates for any necessary activity associated with the alternatives identified under this subsection, including—
  - (A) acquisition;
  - (B) development;
  - (C) interpretation;
  - (D) operation; and
  - (E) maintenance.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year and 180 days after the date on which funds are made available to carry out this section, the Secretary shall submit a report describing the findings of the study under subsection (a) to—
- (1) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act, including \$3,000,000 for the construction of an interpretive center under section 602(d) of title VI of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 430f-5(d)).

#### GETTYSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

The bill (S. 1324) to expand the boundaries of the Gettysburg National Military Park to include the Wills House, and for other purposes, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed: as follows:

#### S. 1324

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# SECTION 1. GETTYSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK BOUNDARY REVISION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to revise the boundary of the Gettysburg National Military Park in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and for other purposes" approved August 17, 1990 (16 U.S.C. 430g-4) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:
- "(b) ADDITIONAL LAND.—In addition to the land identified in subsection (a), the park shall also include the property commonly known as the Wills House located in the Borough of Gettysburg and identified as Tract P02-1 on the map entitled 'Gettysburg National Military Park' numbered MARO 305/

- 80,011 Segment 2, and dated April 1981, revised May 14, 1999."; and
- (3) in subsection (c) (as redesignated by paragraph (1)), by striking "map referred to in subsection (a)" and inserting "maps referred to in subsections (a) and (b)".

#### SEC. 2. ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF LAND.

Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to revise the boundary of the Gettysburg National Military Park in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and for other purposes" approved August 17, 1990 (16 U.S.C. 430g-4) is amended by striking "1(b)" each place it appears and inserting "1(c)".

# HOOVER DAM MISCELLANEOUS SALES ACT

The bill (S. 1275) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to produce and sell products and to sell publications relating to the Hoover Dam, and to deposit revenues generated from the sales into the Colorado River Dam fund, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed; as follows:

#### S. 1275

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Hoover Dam Miscellaneous Sales Act".

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that-

- (1) the sale and distribution of general public information about the use of public land and water areas for recreation, fish, wildlife, and other purposes serve significant public benefits:
- (2) publications and other materials educate the public and provide general information about Bureau of Reclamation programs and projects:
- (3) in 1997, more than 1,000,000 visitors, including 300,000 from foreign countries, toured the Hoover Dam;
- (4) hundreds of thousands of additional visitors stopped to view the dam;
- (5) visitors often ask to purchase maps, publications, and other items to enhance their experience or serve educational purposes;
- (6) in many cases the Bureau of Reclamation is the sole source of those items;
- (7) the Bureau is in a unique position to fulfill public requests for those items; and
- (8) as a public agency, the Bureau should be responsive to the public by having appropriate items available for sale.

#### SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are—

- (1) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to offer for sale to members of the public that visit the Hoover Dam Visitor Center educational materials and memorabilia; and
- (2) to use revenue from those sales to repay the costs relating to construction of the Hoover Dam Visitor Center.

## SEC. 4. AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT SALES.

With respect to the Hoover Dam, the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Commissioner of Reclamation, may—

(1) conduct sales of-

- (A) materials generated by the Bureau of Reclamation such as posters, maps, brochures, photographs, and similar publications, videotapes, and computer information discs that are related to programs or projects of the Bureau; and
- (B) memorabilia and other commemorative items that depict programs or projects of the Bureau;

- (2) convert unneeded property or scrap material into Bureau memorabilia for sale purposes: and
- (3) enter into agreements with nonprofit organizations, other Federal agencies, State and local governments, and commercial entities for—
- (A) the production or sale of items described in paragraphs (1) and (2); and
- (B) the sale of publications described in paragraph (1).

#### SEC. 5. COSTS AND REVENUES.

- (a) Costs.—All costs incurred by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act shall be paid from the Colorado River Dam fund established by section 2 of the Act of December 21, 1928 (43 U.S.C. 617a).
  - (b) REVENUES.—
- (1) USE FOR REPAYMENT OF SALES COSTS.—All revenues collected by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act shall be credited to the Colorado River Dam fund to remain available, without further Act of appropriation, to pay costs associated with the production and sale of items in accordance with section 4.
- (2) USE FOR REPAYMENT OF CONSTRUCTION COSTS.—All revenues collected by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act that are not needed to pay costs described in paragraph (1) shall be transferred annually to the general fund of the Treasury in repayment of costs relating to construction of the Hoover Dam Visitor Center.

# FORT PECK RESERVATION RURAL WATER SYSTEM ACT OF 1999

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 624) to authorize construction of the Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System in the State of Montana, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and inserting in lie thereof the following:

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System Act of 1999".

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) there are insufficient water supplies available to residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation in the State of Montana, and the water systems that are available do not meet minimum health and safety standards and therefore pose a threat to public health and safety;
- (2) in carrying out its trust responsibility, the United States should ensure that adequate and safe water supplies are available to meet the economic, environmental, water supply, and public health needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation: and
- (3) the best available, reliable, and safe rural and municipal water supply to serve the needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation is the Missouri River.
- (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are— (1) to ensure a safe and adequate municipal, rural, and industrial water supply for the residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation in the
- State of Montana; and
  (2) to assist the citizens of Roosevelt, Sheridan, Daniels, and Valley Counties in the State, outside the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, in developing safe and adequate municipal, rural, and industrial water supplies.

#### SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—The term "Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System" means the rural water system within the Fort Peck Indian Reservation authorized by section 4.

- (2) DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—The term "Dry Prairie Rural Water System" means the rural water system authorized by section 5 in the Roosevelt, Sheridan, Daniels, and Valley Counties of the State.
- (3) FORT PECK RESERVATION RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—The term "Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System" means the Assinibotine and Sioux Rural Water System and the Dry Prairie Rural Water System.

(4) FORT PECK TRIBES.—The term "Fort Peck Tribes" means the Assiniboine and Sioux Indian Tribes within the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.

- (5) PICK-SLOAN.—The term "Pick-Sloan" means the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin Program (authorized by section 9 of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the construction of certain public works on rivers and harbors for flood control, and for other purposes", approved December 22, 1944 (commonly known as the "Flood Control Act of 1944") (58 Stat. 891)).
- (6) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (7) STATE.—The term "State" means the State of Montana.

# SEC. 4. ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary shall plan, design, construct, operate, maintain, and replace a municipal, rural, and industrial water system, to be known as the "Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System", as generally described in the report required by subsection (g)(2).
- (b) COMPONENTS.—The Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall consist of—
- (1) pumping and treatment facilities located along the Missouri River within the boundaries of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation;
- (2) pipelines extending from the water treatment plant throughout the Fort Peck Indian Reservation;
- (3) distribution and treatment facilities to serve the needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, including—
- (A) public water systems in existence on the date of enactment of this Act that may be purchased, improved, and repaired in accordance with the cooperative agreement entered into under subsection (c); and
- (B) water systems owned by individual tribal members and other residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation;
- (4) appurtenant buildings and access roads; (5) all property and property rights necessary
- (6) electrical power transmission and distribution facilities necessary for services to Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System facilities; and

for the facilities described in this subsection:

- (7) such other pipelines, pumping plants, and facilities as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to meet the water supply, economic, public health, and environmental needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, including water storage tanks, water lines, and other facilities for the Fort Peck Tribes and the villages, towns, and municipalities in the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
  - (c) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the Fort Peck Tribal Executive Board for planning, designing, constructing, operating, maintaining, and replacing the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System.
- (2) MANDATORY PROVISIONS.—The cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) shall specify, in a manner that is acceptable to the Secretary and the Fort Peck Tribal Executive Board—
- (A) the responsibilities of each party to the agreement for—
- (i) needs assessment, feasibility, and environmental studies;
- (ii) engineering and design;
- (iii) construction;
- (iv) water conservation measures; and
- (v) administration of contracts relating to performance of the activities described in clauses (i) through (iv);

- (B) the procedures and requirements for approval and acceptance of the design and construction and for carrying out other activities described in subparagraph (4); and
- (C) the rights, responsibilities, and liabilities of each party to the agreement.
- (3) OPTIONAL PROVISIONS.—The cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) may include provisions relating to the purchase, improvement, and repair of water systems in existence on the date of enactment of this Act, including systems owned by individual tribal members and other residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
- (4) TERMINATION.—The Secretary may terminate a cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that—
- (A) the quality of construction does not meet all standards established for similar facilities constructed by the Secretary: or
- (B) the operation and maintenance of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System does not meet conditions acceptable to the Secretary that are adequate to fulfill the obligations of the United States to the Fort Peck Tribes.
- (5) TRANSFER.—On execution of a cooperative agreement under paragraph (1), in accordance with the cooperative agreement, the Secretary may transfer to the Fort Peck Tribes, on a non-reimbursable basis, funds made available for the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System under section 9.
- (d) Service Area.—The service area of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall be the area within the boundaries of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
- (e) CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.—The components of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall be planned and constructed to a size that is sufficient to meet the municipal, rural, and industrial water supply requirements of the service area of the Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System.
- (f) TITLE TO ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—Title to the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall be held in trust by the United States for the Fort Peck Tribes and shall not be transferred unless a transfer is authorized by an Act of Congress enacted after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (g) LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF CONSTRUCTION FUNDS.—The Secretary shall not obligate funds for construction of the Assiniboine and Siour Rural Water Sustem until—
- (1) the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) are met with respect to the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System;
- (2) on or after the date that is 90 days after the date of submission to Congress of a final engineering report approved by the Secretary; and
- (3) the Secretary publishes a written finding that the water conservation plan developed under section 7 includes prudent and reasonable water conservation measures for the operation of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System that have been shown to be economically and financially feasible.
- (h) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall provide such technical assistance as is necessary to enable the Fort Peck Tribes to plan, design, construct, operate, maintain, and replace the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System, including operation and management training.
- (i) APPLICATION OF INDIAN SELF-DETERMINA-TION ACT.—Planning, design, construction, operation, maintenance, and replacement of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System within the Fort Peck Indian Reservation shall be subject to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.). SEC. 5. DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.

## (a) PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION.—

(1) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with Dry Prairie Rural Water Association Incorporated

- (or any successor non-Federal entity) to provide Federal funds for the planning, design, and construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System in Roosevelt, Sheridan, Daniels, and Valley Counties, Montana, outside the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
  - (2) Use of federal funds.—
- (Å) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the cost of planning, design, and construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System shall be not more than 76 percent.
- (B) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—Federal funds made available to carry out this section may be obligated and expended only through a cooperative agreement entered into under subsection (c).
- (b) COMPONENTS.—The components of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System facilities on which Federal funds may be obligated and expended under this section shall include—
- (1) storage, pumping, interconnection, and pipeline facilities;
  - (2) appurtenant buildings and access roads;
- (3) all property and property rights necessary for the facilities described in this subsection;
- (4) electrical power transmission and distribution facilities necessary for service to Dry Prairie Rural Water System facilities; and
- (5) other facilities customary to the development of rural water distribution systems in the State, including supplemental water intake, pumping, and treatment facilities.
  - (c) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—
- (1) In General.—The Secretary, with the concurrence of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System Board, shall enter into a cooperative agreement with Dry Prairie Rural Water Association Incorporated to provide Federal assistance for the planning, design, and construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System.
- (2) MANDATORY PROVISIONS.—The cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) shall specify, in a manner that is acceptable to the Secretary and Dry Prairie Rural Water Association Incorporated.—
- (A) the responsibilities of each party to the agreement for—
- (i) needs assessment, feasibility, and environmental studies;
  - (ii) engineering and design;
  - (iii) construction;
  - (iv) water conservation measures; and
- (v) administration of contracts relating to performance of the activities described in clauses (i) through (iv);
- (B) the procedures and requirements for approval and acceptance of the design and construction and for carrying out other activities described in subparagraph (A); and
- (C) the rights, responsibilities, and liabilities of each party to the agreement.
  - (d) SERVICE AREA.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the service area of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System shall be the area in the State—
  - (A) north of the Missouri River;
- (B) south of the border between the United States and Canada;
- (C) west of the border between the States of North Dakota and Montana; and
- (D) east of the western line of range 39 east.
  (2) FORT PECK INDIAN RESERVATION.—The service area shall not include the area inside the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
- (e) LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF CONSTRUCTION FUNDS.—The Secretary shall not obligate funds for construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water Sustem until—
- (1) the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) are met with respect to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System;
- (2) on or after the date that is 90 days after the date of submission to Congress of a final engineering report approved by the Secretary; and
- (3) the Secretary publishes a written finding that the water conservation plan developed

under section 7 includes prudent and reasonable water conservation measures for the operation of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System that have been shown to be economically and financially feasible.

- (f) INTERCONNECTION OF FACILITIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall—
- (A) interconnect the Dry Prairie Rural Water System with the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System; and
- (B) provide for the delivery of water to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System from the Missouri River through the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System.
- (2) CHARGES.—The Secretary shall not charge for the water delivered.
  - (g) Limitation on Use of Federal Funds.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—The operation, maintenance, and replacement expenses associated with water deliveries from the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System shall not be a Federal responsibility and shall be borne by the Dry Prairie Rural Water Sustem.
- (2) FEDERAL FUNDS.—The Secretary may not obligate or expend any Federal funds for the operation, maintenance, or replacement of the Dry Prairie Rural Water Sustem.
- (h) TITLE TO DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—Title to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System shall be held by Dry Prairie Rural Water Association, Incorporated.

#### SEC. 6. USE OF PICK-SLOAN POWER.

- (a) In GENERAL.—From power designated for future irrigation and drainage pumping for the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin Program, the Western Area Power Administration shall make available the capacity and energy required to meet the pumping, treatment, and incidental operational requirements of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Stoux Rural Water System, as described in sections 4 and 5
- (b) CONDITIONS.—The capacity and energy described in subsection (a) shall be made available on the following conditions:
- (1) The Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water Systems shall be operated on a not-for-profit basis.
- (2) The Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall contract to purchase their entire electric service requirements, including the capacity and energy made available under subsection (a), from a qualified preference power supplier that purchases power from the Western Area Power Administration.
- (3) The rate schedule applicable to the capacity and energy made available under subsection (a) shall be the wholesale firm power rate schedule of the Pick-Sloan Eastern Division of the Western Area Power Administration in effect when the power is delivered by the Administration.
  - (4) It shall be agreed by contract among—
  - (A) the Western Area Power Administration;
- (B) the power supplier with which the water Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System contract under paragraph (2):
- (C) the power supplier of the entity described in subparagraph (B);
- (D) the Dry Prairie Rural Water Association, Inc.; and
- (E) the Fort Peck Tribes;

that in the case of the capacity and energy made available under subsection (a), the benefit of the rate schedule described in paragraph (3) shall be passed through to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System, except that the power supplier of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall not be precluded from including, in the charges of the supplier to the water system for the electric service, the other usual and customary charges of the supplier.

- (c) ADDITIONAL POWER.—If power in addition to that made available under subsection (a) is required to meet the pumping requirements of the service area of the Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System described in sections 4 and 5, the Administrator of the Western Area Power Administration may purchase the necessary additional power under such terms and conditions as the Administrator determines to be appropriate.
  - (d) RECOVERY OF EXPENSES.—
- (1) ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—In the case of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System, expenses associated with power purchases under subsection (a) shall be recovered through a separate power charge, sufficient to cover expenses, applied to the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System's operation and maintenance cost.
- (2) DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—In the case of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System, expenses associated with power purchases under subsections (a) shall be recovered through a separate power charge, sufficient to cover expenses, to be paid fully by the Dry Prairie Rural Water Association, Inc.

#### SEC. 7. WATER CONSERVATION PLAN.

- (a) In GENERAL.—The Fort Peck Tribes and Dry Prairie Rural Water Association Incorporated shall develop a water conservation plan containing—
- (1) a description of water conservation objectives:
- (2) a description of appropriate water conservation measures; and
- (3) a time schedule for implementing the measures and this Act to meet the water conservation objectives.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The water conservation plan under subsection (a) shall be designed to ensure that users of water from the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System and the Dry Prairie Rural Water System will use the best practicable technology and management techniques to conserve water.
- (c) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—Section 210(c) of the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (43 U.S.C. 390jj(c)) shall apply to an activity authorized under this Act.

### SEC. 8. WATER RIGHTS.

This Act does not-

- (1) impair the validity of or preempt any provision of State water law or any interstate compact governing water:
- (2) after the right of any State to any appropriated share of the water of any body of surface or ground water, whether determined by any past or future interstate compact or by any past or future legislative or final judicial allocation:
- (3) preempt or modify any Federal or State law or interstate compact concerning water quality or disposal;
- (4) confer on any non-Federal entity the authority to exercise any Federal right to the water of any stream or to any ground water resource:
- (5) affect any right of the Fort Peck Tribes to water, located within or outside the external boundaries of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, based on a treaty, compact, executive order, agreement, Act of Congress, aboriginal title, the decision in Winters v. United States, 207 U.S. 564 (1908) (commonly known as the "Winters Doctrine"), or other law; or
- (6) validate or invalidate any assertion of the existence, nonexistence, or extinguishment of any water right held or Indian water compact entered into by the Fort Peck Tribes or by any other Indian tribe or individual Indian under Federal or State law.

#### SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System.—There are authorized to be appropriated—
- (1) over a period of 10 fiscal years, \$124,000,000 for the planning, design, and construction of

- the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System in accordance with subsections (b), (d), and (e) of section 4: and
- (2) such sums as are necessary for the operation, maintenance, and replacement of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System, including power costs of the Western Area Power Administration.
- (b) DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.— There is authorized to be appropriated, over a period of 10 fiscal years, \$51,000,000 for the planning, design, and construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System.
- (c) COST INDEXING.—The funds authorized to be appropriated may be increased or decreased by such amounts as are justified by reason of ordinary fluctuations in development costs incurred after October 1, 1998, as indicated by engineering cost indices applicable for the type of construction involved.

The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The bill (S. 624), as amended, was passed, as follows:

S. 624

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System Act of 1999".

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) there are insufficient water supplies available to residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation in the State of Montana, and the water systems that are available do not meet minimum health and safety standards and therefore pose a threat to public health and safety;
- (2) in carrying out its trust responsibility, the United States should ensure that adequate and safe water supplies are available to meet the economic, environmental, water supply, and public health needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation; and
- (3) the best available, reliable, and safe rural and municipal water supply to serve the needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation is the Missouri River.
- (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this  $\operatorname{Act}$  are—
- (1) to ensure a safe and adequate municipal, rural, and industrial water supply for the residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation in the State of Montana; and
- (2) to assist the citizens of Roosevelt, Sheridan, Daniels, and Valley Counties in the State, outside the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, in developing safe and adequate municipal, rural, and industrial water supplies.

#### SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- In this Act:
- (1) ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—The term "Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System" means the rural water system within the Fort Peck Indian Reservation authorized by section 4.
- (2) DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—The term "Dry Prairie Rural Water System" means the rural water system authorized by section 5 in the Roosevelt, Sheridan, Daniels, and Valley Counties of the State.
- (3) FORT PECK RESERVATION RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—The term "Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System" means the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System and the Dry Prairie Rural Water System.
- (4) FORT PECK TRIBES.—The term "Fort Peck Tribes" means the Assiniboine and Sioux Indian Tribes within the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
- (5) PICK-SLOAN.—The term "Pick-Sloan" means the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin

Program (authorized by section 9 of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the construction of certain public works on rivers and harbors for flood control, and for other purposes", approved December 22, 1944 (commonly known as the "Flood Control Act of 1944") (58 Stat. 891)).

- (6) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (7) STATE.—The term "State" means the State of Montana.

## SEC. 4. ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary shall plan, design, construct, operate, maintain, and replace a municipal, rural, and industrial water system, to be known as the "Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System", as generally described in the report required by subsection (g)(2).
- (b) COMPONENTS.—The Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall consist of—
- (1) pumping and treatment facilities located along the Missouri River within the boundaries of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation:
- (2) pipelines extending from the water treatment plant throughout the Fort Peck Indian Reservation;
- (3) distribution and treatment facilities to serve the needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, including—
- (A) public water systems in existence on the date of enactment of this Act that may be purchased, improved, and repaired in accordance with the cooperative agreement entered into under subsection (c); and
- (B) water systems owned by individual tribal members and other residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation;
- (4) appurtenant buildings and access roads; (5) all property and property rights necessary for the facilities described in this sub-
- section;
  (6) electrical power transmission and distribution facilities necessary for services to Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System
- facilities; and
  (7) such other pipelines, pumping plants, and facilities as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to meet the water supply, economic, public health, and environmental needs of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, including water storage tanks, water lines, and other facilities for the Fort Peck Tribes and the villages, towns, and municipalities in the Fort Peck Indian Reservation
  - (c) Cooperative Agreement.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the Fort Peck Tribal Executive Board for planning, designing, constructing, operating, maintaining, and replacing the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System.
- (2) MANDATORY PROVISIONS.—The cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) shall specify, in a manner that is acceptable to the Secretary and the Fort Peck Tribal Executive Board—
- (A) the responsibilities of each party to the agreement for—
- (i) needs assessment, feasibility, and environmental studies;
  - (ii) engineering and design;
  - (iii) construction;
  - (iv) water conservation measures; and
- (v) administration of contracts relating to performance of the activities described in clauses (i) through (iv);
- (B) the procedures and requirements for approval and acceptance of the design and construction and for carrying out other activities described in subparagraph (A); and
- (C) the rights, responsibilities, and liabilities of each party to the agreement.
- (3) OPTIONAL PROVISIONS.—The cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) may include provisions relating to the purchase, improve-

- ment, and repair of water systems in existence on the date of enactment of this Act, including systems owned by individual tribal members and other residents of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
- (4) TERMINATION.—The Secretary may terminate a cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that—
- (A) the quality of construction does not meet all standards established for similar facilities constructed by the Secretary; or
- (B) the operation and maintenance of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System does not meet conditions acceptable to the Secretary that are adequate to fulfill the obligations of the United States to the Fort Peck Tribes.
- (5) Transfer.—On execution of a cooperative agreement under paragraph (1), in accordance with the cooperative agreement, the Secretary may transfer to the Fort Peck Tribes, on a nonreimbursable basis, funds made available for the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System under section 9.
- (d) SERVICE AREA.—The service area of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall be the area within the boundaries of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
- (e) Construction Requirements.—The components of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall be planned and constructed to a size that is sufficient to meet the municipal, rural, and industrial water supply requirements of the service area of the Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System.
- (f) TITLE TO ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—Title to the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall be held in trust by the United States for the Fort Peck Tribes and shall not be transferred unless a transfer is authorized by an Act of Congress enacted after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (g) LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF CONSTRUCTION FUNDS.—The Secretary shall not obligate funds for construction of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System until—
- (1) the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4821 et seq.) are met with respect to the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System:
- (2) on or after the date that is 90 days after the date of submission to Congress of a final engineering report approved by the Secretary; and
- (3) the Secretary publishes a written finding that the water conservation plan developed under section 7 includes prudent and reasonable water conservation measures for the operation of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System that have been shown to be economically and financially feasible.
- (h) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall provide such technical assistance as is necessary to enable the Fort Peck Tribes to plan, design, construct, operate, maintain, and replace the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System, including operation and management training.
- (i) APPLICATION OF INDIAN SELF-DETER-MINATION ACT.—Planning, design, construction, operation, maintenance, and replacement of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System within the Fort Peck Indian Reservation shall be subject to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450 et seq.).

## SEC. 5. DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.

(a) PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION.—

(1) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with Dry Prairie Rural Water Association Incorporated (or any successor non-Federal entity) to provide Federal funds for the planning, design, and construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System in Roosevelt, Sheridan,

Daniels, and Valley Counties, Montana, outside the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.

(2) Use of federal funds.-

- (A) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the cost of planning, design, and construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System shall be not more than 76 percent.
- (B) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—Federal funds made available to carry out this section may be obligated and expended only through a cooperative agreement entered into under subsection (c).
- (b) COMPONENTS.—The components of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System facilities on which Federal funds may be obligated and expended under this section shall include—
- (1) storage, pumping, interconnection, and pipeline facilities;
- (2) appurtenant buildings and access roads; (3) all property and property rights necessary for the facilities described in this subsection;
- (4) electrical power transmission and distribution facilities necessary for service to Dry Prairie Rural Water System facilities; and
- (5) other facilities customary to the development of rural water distribution systems in the State, including supplemental water intake, pumping, and treatment facilities.
  - (c) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, with the concurrence of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System Board, shall enter into a cooperative agreement with Dry Prairie Rural Water Association Incorporated to provide Federal assistance for the planning, design, and construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System.
- (2) MANDATORY PROVISIONS.—The cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) shall specify, in a manner that is acceptable to the Secretary and Dry Prairie Rural Water Association Incorporated—
- (A) the responsibilities of each party to the agreement for—
- (i) needs assessment, feasibility, and environmental studies;
- (ii) engineering and design;
- (iii) construction;
- (iv) water conservation measures; and
- (v) administration of contracts relating to performance of the activities described in clauses (i) through (iv);
- (B) the procedures and requirements for approval and acceptance of the design and construction and for carrying out other activities described in subparagraph (A); and
- (C) the rights, responsibilities, and liabilities of each party to the agreement.
  - (d) SERVICE AREA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the service area of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System shall be the area in the State—
  - (A) north of the Missouri River;
- (B) south of the border between the United States and Canada;
- (C) west of the border between the States of North Dakota and Montana; and
- $\left( D\right)$  east of the western line of range 39 east.
- (2) FORT PECK INDIAN RESERVATION.—The service area shall not include the area inside the Fort Peck Indian Reservation.
- (e) LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF CONSTRUCTION FUNDS.—The Secretary shall not obligate funds for construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System until—
- (1) the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4821 et seq.) are met with respect to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System:
- (2) on or after the date that is 90 days after the date of submission to Congress of a final engineering report approved by the Secretary; and

- (3) the Secretary publishes a written finding that the water conservation plan developed under section 7 includes prudent and reasonable water conservation measures for the operation of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System that have been shown to be economically and financially feasible.
- (f) INTERCONNECTION OF FACILITIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall-
- (A) interconnect the Dry Prairie Rural Water System with the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System; and
- (B) provide for the delivery of water to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System from the Missouri River through the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System.
- (2) CHARGES.—The Secretary shall not charge for the water delivered.
- (g) LIMITATION ON USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The operation, maintenance, and replacement expenses associated with water deliveries from the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System shall not be a Federal responsibility and shall be borne by the Dry Prairie Rural Water System.
- (2) FEDERAL FUNDS.—The Secretary may not obligate or expend any Federal funds for the operation, maintenance, or replacement of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System.
- (h) TITLE TO DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—Title to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System shall be held by Dry Prairie Rural Water Association, Incorporated.

#### SEC. 6. USE OF PICK-SLOAN POWER.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—From power designated for future irrigation and drainage pumping for the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin Program, the Western Area Power Administration shall make available the capacity and energy required to meet the pumping, treatment, and incidental operational requirements of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System, as described in sections 4 and 5.
- (b) CONDITIONS.—The capacity and energy described in subsection (a) shall be made available on the following conditions:
- (1) The Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water Systems shall be operated on a not-for-profit basis
- (2) The Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall contract to purchase their entire electric service requirements, including the capacity and energy made available under subsection (a), from a qualified preference power supplier that purchases power from the Western Area Power Administration.
- (3) The rate schedule applicable to the capacity and energy made available under subsection (a) shall be the wholesale firm power rate schedule of the Pick-Sloan Eastern Division of the Western Area Power Administration in effect when the power is delivered by the Administration.
- (4) It shall be agreed by contract among—(A) the Western Area Power Administra-
- (B) the power supplier with which the water Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System contract under paragraph (2);
- (C) the power supplier of the entity described in subparagraph (B);
- (D) the Dry Prairie Rural Water Association, Inc.; and
- (E) the Fort Peck Tribes;

tion:

that in the case of the capacity and energy made available under subsection (a), the benefit of the rate schedule described in paragraph (3) shall be passed through to the Dry Prairie Rural Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System, except that the power supplier of the Dry Prairie Rural

- Water System and Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System shall not be precluded from including, in the charges of the supplier to the water system for the electric service, the other usual and customary charges of
- (c) ADDITIONAL POWER.—If power in addition to that made available under subsection (a) is required to meet the pumping requirements of the service area of the Fort Peck Reservation Rural Water System described in sections 4 and 5, the Administrator of the Western Area Power Administration may purchase the necessary additional power under such terms and conditions as the Administrator determines to be appropriate.
  - (d) RECOVERY OF EXPENSES.—
- (1) ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—In the case of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System, expenses associated with power purchases under subsection (a) shall be recovered through a separate power charge, sufficient to cover expenses, applied to the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System's operation and maintenance cost.
- (2) DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—In the case of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System, expenses associated with power purchases under subsections (a) shall be recovered through a separate power charge, sufficient to cover expenses, to be paid fully by the Dry Prairie Rural Water Association, Inc.

#### SEC. 7. WATER CONSERVATION PLAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Fort Peck Tribes and Dry Prairie Rural Water Association Incorporated shall develop a water conservation plan containing—
- (1) a description of water conservation objectives:
- (2) a description of appropriate water conservation measures: and
- (3) a time schedule for implementing the measures and this Act to meet the water conservation objectives.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The water conservation plan under subsection (a) shall be designed to ensure that users of water from the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System and the Dry Prairie Rural Water System will use the best practicable technology and management techniques to conserve water.
- (c) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—Section 210(c) of the Reclamation Reform Act of 1982 (43 U.S.C. 390jj(c)) shall apply to an activity authorized under this Act.

#### SEC. 8. WATER RIGHTS.

This Act does not—

- (1) impair the validity of or preempt any provision of State water law or any interstate compact governing water:
- (2) alter the right of any State to any appropriated share of the water of any body of surface or ground water, whether determined by any past or future interstate compact or by any past or future legislative or final judicial allocation;
- (3) preempt or modify any Federal or State law or interstate compact concerning water quality or disposal;
- (4) confer on any non-Federal entity the authority to exercise any Federal right to the water of any stream or to any ground water resource;
- (5) affect any right of the Fort Peck Tribes to water, located within or outside the external boundaries of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, based on a treaty, compact, executive order, agreement, Act of Congress, aboriginal title, the decision in Winters v. United States, 207 U.S. 564 (1908) (commonly known as the "Winters Doctrine"), or other law; or
- (6) validate or invalidate any assertion of the existence, nonexistence, or extinguishment of any water right held or Indian water

compact entered into by the Fort Peck Tribes or by any other Indian tribe or individual Indian under Federal or State law.

#### SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) ASSINIBOINE AND SIOUX RURAL WATER SYSTEM.—There are authorized to be appropriated—
- (1) over a period of 10 fiscal years, \$124,000,000 for the planning, design, and construction of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System in accordance with subsections (b), (d), and (e) of section 4; and
- (2) such sums as are necessary for the operation, maintenance, and replacement of the Assiniboine and Sioux Rural Water System, including power costs of the Western Area Power Administration.
- (b) DRY PRAIRIE RURAL WATER SYSTEM.— There is authorized to be appropriated, over a period of 10 fiscal years, \$51,000,000 for the planning, design, and construction of the Dry Prairie Rural Water System.
- (c) COST INDEXING.—The funds authorized to be appropriated may be increased or decreased by such amounts as are justified by reason of ordinary fluctuations in development costs incurred after October 1, 1998, as indicated by engineering cost indices applicable for the type of construction involved.

#### NATIONAL FOREST AND PUBLIC LANDS OF NEVADA ENHANCE-MENT ACT OF 1988

The bill (S. 439) to amend the National Forest and Public Lands of Nevada Enhancement Act of 1988 to adjust the boundary of the Toiyable National Forest, Nevada, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed; as follows:

#### S. 439

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# SECTION 1. ADJUSTMENT OF BOUNDARY OF THE TOIYABE NATIONAL FOREST, NEVADA.

Section 4(a) of the National Forest and Public Lands of Nevada Enhancement Act of 1988 (102 Stat. 2750) is amended—

- (1) by striking "Effective" and inserting the following:
  - "(1) IN GENERAL.—Effective"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT.—Effective on the date of enactment of this paragraph, the portion of the land transferred to the Secretary of Agriculture under paragraph (1) situated between the lines marked 'Old Forest Boundary' and 'Revised National Forest Boundary' on the map entitled 'Nevada Interchange "A", Change 1', and dated September 16, 1998, is transferred to the Secretary of the Interior."

### MIWALETA PARK EXPANSION ACT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 977) to provide for the conveyance by the Bureau of Land Management to Douglas County, Oregon, of a county park and certain adjacent land, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with amendments; as follows:

(The parts of the bill intended to be stricken are shown in boldface brackets and the parts of the bill intended to be inserted are shown in italic.)

#### S. 977

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,